

NO. 2852.

WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 31, 1914.

ONE CENT.

RUSSIA TO HURL ARMY AGAINST AUSTRIA TODAY UPON DECLARATION OF WAR EXPECTED HOURLY; SERVIA INVADDED; BRITAIN MOBILIZING SECRETLY

Czar, His Army Mobilized,
Will Light Match to Euro-
pean Powder Keg Today.

GERMAN PLANS RUSHED

The Kaiser's Foreign Office
Serves Ultimatum on
Russia.

FRANCE READY FOR STRUGGLE

Crisis Is Reached and All Europe
May Be Ablaze
Today.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.

St. Petersburg, July 31.—The entire Russian army is mobilized and hostile operations will begin tomorrow immediately on receipt of Austria's declaration of war, which is expected here with certainty in a few hours.

It is reported tonight that the Russian Ambassador at Vienna was handed his passports this morning.

London, July 30.—The British foreign office tonight sent to Germany a firm note stating plainly that England recognized the possibility of a general European conflict and declaring that the British empire would have to be counted on as a factor if the balance of power in Europe stood to be endangered by the opening of hostilities.

To this declaration of its intentions to look after its own interests at all costs, England added a pacific note urging the good offices of Germany as the only certain means of localizing the conflict before such a compromise of international interest might result as would make universal war inevitable.

Berlin, July 31.—The Kaiser and his ministers were in conference until after midnight and some definite official statement is expected early today.

On the outcome of this conference it is generally admitted hangs the outcome of the present war situation. The immediate mobilization of the German army may be ordered as a result of the conference.

Either peace or mobilization within twenty-four hours. This, it is said on high official authority, is the German government's summary of the war situation tonight. The Kaiser's government as a last extreme move on behalf of peace, today made a peremptory demand on St. Petersburg for an unqualified explanation of Russia's "menacing mobilization" on the German and Austrian frontiers.

Russia was given to understand that unless these movements were forthwith abandoned, Germany would respond with similar action. Little hope is cherished in Berlin that Germany's demand will be complied with. Indeed, a report which has just reached here to the effect that the Russian reserves in twenty-three districts have been massed, seems like a defiant answer to German representations.

Germany for the present does not say that she will declare war if the Russian military preparations are not foregone. She threatens only to retaliate with a counter demonstration, but no secret is made of the fact that the counter demonstration would be tantamount to war.

Gen. von Falkenhayn, minister of war, and Count von Moltke, chief of the general staff, had a long conference today with Prince Bernhard of Prussia and Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the imperial chancellor. Proceedings were kept secret, but it is reported in military circles that the first German army corps, quartered at Königsberg, has been ordered mobilized.

St. Petersburg, July 31.—The Russian army is mobilized and hostile operations will begin tomorrow immediately on receipt of Austria's declaration of war, which is expected here with certainty in a few hours.

THE WAR AT A GLANCE.

Triple Alliance and Triple Entente finally arrayed in two hostile camps, awaiting signal that will set whole of Europe aflame with war. Outcome of night conference at Potsdam between Kaiser and his ministers may decide the issue.

Russia mobilizes whole army and prepares to invade Austrian territory. Czar prepares to make verbal proclamation of war in Moscow.

Austria reported to have handed passports to Russian ambassador.

British first war fleet, which left Portland yesterday, reported en route to blockade North Sea and bottle up German fleet.

British Mediterranean fleet assembled at Malta awaiting command to strike fleets of Triple Alliance.

Portsmouth Harbor closed to shipping and British coast guards ordered to stations.

France prepares to send four army corps to German frontier ready for immediate action.

German troops reported already moving to Russian frontier.

Austria sends 500,000 men into Serbia in four columns. Belgrade captured; 2,000 Servians taken prisoners at Fochtla. Fighting also reported at Semendria. New capital at Nish now Austrian objective.

Two Austrian Armies Drive Servians Back

Heavy Forces Cross the Danube and River Save, Taking
Belgrade and Pushing on Toward Nish.
Losses Reported Slight.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.

Semlin, Hungary, July 30.—Two Austro-Hungarian armies have invaded Serbia, one crossing the Danube at a point about thirty miles east of Belgrade, and the other the river Save, ten miles south of Belgrade.

Belgrade itself has been captured and now is occupied by Austrian troops.

The Austrian force which invaded Serbia at Semindria is advancing along the road which leads to Osipnica and ultimately to Nish, the present seat of the Serbian government.

The occupation of Belgrade was carried out without serious difficulty. The invading troops crossed the river partly by means of ferries and partly by a pontoon bridge constructed under cover of the railway bridge.

As the Austrians approached the Serbian capital from the south they met with some resistance, but this was overcome and the attacking force advanced up a steep hill with courageous ardor, driving the Servians before them.

The Austrians retreated, partly along the road leading to Groca and partly along the road leading to Popovici. The losses on both sides appear to have been comparatively light.

In the encounters which took place around the capital, the entrance of the Austro-Hungarian troops was preceded by the flight of most of the remaining inhabitants. Some of the inhabitants, however, have chosen to remain, and perfect order prevails under the invaders.

The invasion of Serbia at Semindria was a much more difficult operation. At this point there is an island of some size in the middle of the Danube, where the channel between it and the Serbian shore narrows to about 200 yards.

Across this section of the river the Austrians threw a pontoon bridge, beginning the work under cover of darkness.

The current here is swift, and the construction of the bridge was more than usually difficult. At the outset the operation was perceived from the Serbian shore, and a heavy fire was opened on the attacking force, but, aided by artillery and infantry along the south shore of the island, the Austrians completed the construction of the pontoon bridge and crossed the river.

Their advance was resisted, but they pushed forward and took up their position on the Serbian side of the river. No particulars are forthcoming regarding the losses of the Austrian forces at this point, nor is it possible, owing to the censorship, to give any further information regarding the movements of this invading force.

2,000 SERVIANS TAKEN PRISONERS, VIENNA HEARS; AUSTRIA WILL HAVE NO DEALINGS WITH RUSSIA

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.

Vienna, July 30.—Reports reached here tonight that 2,000 Servians are held as prisoners of war as a result of the first big battle which was fought early today on the Bosnian frontier near Fochtla.

Six hundred Servians and two hundred Austrians were killed in this engagement, according to the official figures from the front.

It seems certain that the Servians are holding the Danube line only with a weak force and are massing their main forces between Kragujevac and Krushevo, on the line of the Morava River. "Austria will not allow Russia to interfere with our purposes to attack Serbia," this official statement was made today by an attaché of the Austro-Hungarian foreign office. He reiterated Austria's intention to punish the Serbs, but asserted his government had no wish to acquire territory.

"Austria has no desire for territory. She wants only peace and punishment of the Servians for encouraging the anti-Austrian situation. Austria will not allow Russia to interfere with these ends."

Emperor Franz Josef returned to the capital from Budapest today. He was cheered by a great crowd that filled the streets. He held a long conference with Count Berchtold, the foreign minister, and later received Gen. Krobatin, the war minister. It is possible that the Emperor will proceed to Budapest, which is nearer the scene of hostilities.

The armies are under command of Gen. Baron von Hoetzendorf, chief of the general staff. The army invading Serbia is commanded by Field Marshal Potiorek.

Government Holds Liners in
Port as Men Rush to
Colors.

AQUITANIA A TRANSPORT

Total War Strength Will Be
Attained by Monday, It
Is Believed.

HOLD TWO AS GERMAN SPIES

Foreigners Arrested at Isle of Wight.
Dismantle Small Gunboats in
Chinese Waters.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.

London, July 30.—The last ray of hope of avoiding a general European war seems to have vanished. Apparently nothing short of divine intervention can stay the sword now unsheathed.

Great Britain has been dragged into the imbroglio, much against her will, but, accepting the inevitable, this government has acted swiftly.

Secret mobilization of troops, both regular and irregular, is now being carried out. All army reservists—that is, the men who have finished their time, but who still are on the reserve list—have been summoned by wire to join their colors.

WAR STRENGTH BY MONDAY.

Many of them already are en-training for their regiments. Thousands will do so before the end of the week, and by Monday next the British army will be at full war strength. Fortunately, the annual training of the territorials, who are better known as the volunteers, begins here next Saturday, when 65,000 of them will be under canvas for a fortnight's encampment.

These men all were notified today they would be required to take into camp with them a full mobilization kit.

Other important and significant moves today include the rushing of coal on day and night schedules to the principal naval ports. The government also exercised its right of option on the latest and greatest Cunarder, the Aquitania, for transport purposes, and warned the Cunard line not to let her depart again until leave had been given. The Aquitania now lies at Liverpool where she recently arrived from New York.

Other English shipping lines, including the Furness Company, also have been warned not to allow their boats at present lying in British ports to depart without leave. The war office exercised its right to take all the horses belonging to Thomas & Tilling, the great firm of carriers, numbering several thousands.

Work at Woolwich arsenal is proceeding with feverish haste day and night, while all big government supply concerns are equally active.

Great activity was displayed all day at the war office and admiralty. Winston Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, conferred with a number of attaches of the naval service, and many messages relating to the movements of ships were placed on his desk.

A number of foreign envoys called on

CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE.

Herald's War News Is Best in the Capital

The admitted superiority of
International News Service over
other press associations in the
foreign field assures readers of
The Washington Herald prompt
and most authentic information
of the big events now under
way in Europe.

The Herald is the only Wash-
ington paper that receives these
dispatches.

When it is midnight in Wash-
ington it is 5 o'clock a. m. in
London, 5:09 a. m. in Paris,
5:50 a. m. in Rome, 5:54 a. m.
in Berlin, 6:05 a. m. in Vienna,
and 7:01 a. m. in St. Peters-
burg.

St. Petersburg, July 31.—The Russian army is mobilized and hostile operations will begin tomorrow immediately on receipt of Austria's declaration of war, which is expected here with certainty in a few hours.

STARTS ON OVERSEA TRIP.

26-Passenger Cruise Leaves New
York to Cross the Atlantic.

Special to The Washington Herald.
New York, July 30.—Mr. and Mrs. Sings Holm Svard started this afternoon from the Battery on a trip across the Atlantic in their cockleshell motor life-boat. The insurance companies have refused to accept the risk, but the Swards declare that that will make no difference.

"I'm willing to take the risk," said Mrs. Svard. "Nothing could make me give up the trip. It will be the first I have taken with my husband—our wedding journey."

The little craft is a wonderful example of economy in the utilization of space. Beds consist of canvas hammocks, stowed away in the daytime. There is no room for a dining table. Buffet lunches will be the order of the trip. The kitchen is 6 feet square and only two inches less of height are lacking to make it a perfect cube.

WHO PAID COAL BILL, RIP!

We May Be Forced to Order Some
These Cold Days.

Washington was the coldest place in the country yesterday, registering 56 between 4 and 6 a. m. The maximum temperature of the day was 72 at about 2 p. m.

San Francisco held the record on the previous day, having a temperature as low as 50 at one time, but fell to second place yesterday, when the minimum reached there was 58, at 5 o'clock.

Baltimore and vicinity yesterday kept pretty close to Washington, but never got nearer than two degrees of our coldest temperature.

The weather man said his records did not contain any July 30ths with such a low temperature as ours. And he added that there was no danger of a considerable rise very soon. So get out your wraps and furs and give them a good airing.

MRS. WAKEFIELD GUILTY.

Second Degree Murder Finding Will
Mean Life Imprisonment.

Special to The Washington Herald.

New Haven, July 30.—A verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree was returned by the jury in the Jessie Wakefield murder case this afternoon after the jury was closeted seven hours. Mrs. Wakefield will be sentenced tomorrow morning by Judge Joel Reed to life imprisonment. She and her parents sobbed loudly when the verdict was announced. They had been confident that the jurors would disagree.

The jury seemed badly divided for several hours, but finally accepted the second degree verdict as a compromise. Mrs. Wakefield's husband was murdered June 23, 1913. James Fie has already been hanged for the crime. At her first trial Mrs. Wakefield was sentenced to be hanged.

SAYS MRS. CARMAN IS DOOMED.

Prosecutor Predicts Conviction for
First Degree Murder.

Freeport, N. Y., July 30.—That he has sufficient evidence to convict Mrs. Florence Carman of murder in the first degree for the slaying of Mrs. Louise Bailey in Dr. Carman's office in Freeport, Conn., was the statement today of District Attorney Smith, of Nassau County. Smith said:

"Celia Coleman, Carman's maid, knows all about the 38 caliber gun with which the killing was done. She can tell me all about it too. The case is now complete. We can convict for first degree manslaughter or for first degree murder."

IT'S A FIVE-LEGGED FROG.

Bought from Fisherman for \$2 for
New York Aquarium.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Reading, Pa., July 30.—Some philanthropists expend large sums of money to furnish public zoological gardens with giraffes, hippopotami, and other rare specimens of foreign animals. It is safe to assume, however, that none of these costly donations will receive more attention from the curious crowds than a five-legged bullfrog which C. Raymond Cramp bought here today from a fisherman for \$2 and shipped it alive to the New York Aquarium.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Special to The Washington Herald.

New York, July 30.—Arrived today: Italia, from Palermo; Hago, from Hamburg; Ingo, from London; Hamburg, from Naples; Boston, from Rotterdam; Vander, from Rotterdam; Metcalfe, from Liverpool; Monterey, from Havana; El Sol, from Galveston; Lampson, from Galveston; City of Savannah, from Savannah; Lenape, from Jacksonville.

Due Saturday: Loring, from Havana; Morgan, from Dunbar; Michigan, from Antwerp; Diamond, from Rotterdam; Oakwood, from Antwerp; Guinea, from St. Thomas; Peter Mueller, from Genoa; Segura, from Havana.

SNOWBALL BATTLE IN JULY.

Pittsfield, Mass., July 30.—Throwing snow balls in mid-summer was a new form of sport for Pittsfield boys today. A heavy hail storm occurred at noon. The hail stones were six inches deep in front of the city hall, where they rolled off the steep roof.

WAR CAUSES DOUBLE SUICIDE.

Berlin, July 30.—Brooding over the losses they had suffered as a result of the war crisis, Eugene Isler, a well-known banker, and his wife, today committed suicide by taking poison.

Low Week-end Rates via Ches. & Ohio
Ry. to points in Virginia and West Va.
Adv.

HOUSE UNCORKS NEW GRAB PLAN

Adopts Underwood's Amend-
ment—Is Substitute for
"Pork Barrel" Bills.

DEALS WITH IRRIGATION

Would Have Congress Expend Funds
Direct for Reclamation Work.
Slap at Senate.

By JOSEPH P. ANNIN.

Balked by the Senate in their effort to push through a record-breaking "pork barrel" rivers and harbors bill, members of the House yesterday adopted a new method of furnishing campaign funds from the Federal Treasury.

This took the form of an amendment offered by Majority Leader Underwood requiring that all moneys for reclamation projects be expended directly by Congress instead of being approved by the Secretary of the Interior and expended from the reclamation fund set aside from moneys received from government irrigation works.

Hampers Interior Department.

By this arrangement, the Secretary of the Interior would be required to submit estimates annually for expenditures from this fund, and then a committee of the House would be at liberty to follow the unwritten law of pork-barrel politicians—to him that hath the vote shall be given the pork.

The amendment was tacked on the general irrigation bill, extending the time limit for payments by settlers on land irrigated by government works. It completes and makes perfectly water-tight a pork-barrel triangle—public buildings, rivers and harbors, and irrigation. No member of Congress but would be able to see special benefit for his constituents and corresponding advance of his political fortunes in one or more of the bills.

"The 'you scratch my back and I'll scratch yours' plan of appropriating government money could not be worked out with greater nicety."

Would Find Reason.

The member from arid country who could find no material reason for voting for rivers and harbors appropriations or handsome public buildings in small villages, would find ample reason to help his colleagues get these choice bits in the natural reciprocal arrangement by which his colleagues would help him push through pet irrigation projects.

The effect of this amendment, if enacted into law, would be to subject the Secretary of the Interior and the engineers working under him to the same great political pressure now brought to bear on the Secretary of War and the army engineers in behalf of unjustifiable rivers and harbors expenditures, and upon the Secretary of the Treasury and the Supervising Architect in behalf of public building projects.

"SHAKES" SHAKERS' SHARE.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Hartford, Conn., July 30.—Elder Walter Shepard, a trustee of the Shaker colony in the town of Enfield, confirmed the report today that the Shaker property—hundreds of acres of valuable tobacco land—would probably be sold within a few days to a syndicate of Hartford and New York capitalists.

Shepard, last of the elders of the northern settlement of Shakers, said his remaining followers would go to the Shaker colony at Lebanon, N. Y., as the sect is fast dwindling in numbers because of strict marriage laws. The property is valued at about \$250,000. Proceeds of the sale will be devoted toward rehabilitating the Lebanon settlement.

FIRE RAGES IN SEATTLE.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Seattle, Wash., July 31.—Fire, which broke out late this afternoon in the central portion of the water front, has destroyed the Grand Trunk docks and threatens to spread along the entire water front.

At 6 o'clock the loss was \$1,250,000. Police and firemen worked heroically to save the passengers on a steamer near by. Vessels moored to the docks streamed out into the open stream at full speed.

MILITIAMEN TO FIGHT FIRE.

Special to The Washington Herald.

San Francisco, July 30.—The mayor of Sisson has called on Gov. Johnson for 300 militiamen to aid in the fight against the forest fire now approaching the Mount Shasta National Forest Reserve. The fire has crossed the McClellan River and is now burning the fringe of the Shasta National Forest, which contains 100,000 acres of California's finest timber. Ten thousand acres of brush and timber have already been destroyed.

WED ON STATE LINE.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Hagerstown, Md., July 30.—Standing on the State line between Maryland and West Virginia, at the historic Harpers Ferry Bridge, Miss Rosie Bell Speaks, aged twenty-six, and Robert Hackley, aged twenty-eight, both of Harpers Ferry, were united in marriage by Rev. R. Y. Nicholson.

BODY FOUND NEAR TRACKS.

Binghamton, N. Y., July 30.—The body of Anthony Schott, of Carbondale, Pa., was found beside the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad at Kirkwood early today. It is supposed he was struck by a Lackawanna train.

Atlantic City.—Next Sunday.
Pennsylvania Railroad, 12:00 excursion by special through train. Leave Atlantic City 6:40 a. m. Leave Atlantic City 6 p. m. Return Atlantic City 6:40 a. m. following Monday.—Adv.

SAYS FRANCE WILL AID RUSSIA.

Diplomat Declares General War De-
pends on Annexation of Territory.

Special to The Washington Herald.
Manchester, Mass., July 30.—Rene Clause, Acting Minister of France to the United States, when seen at his Manchester home in regard to the Austro-Serbian war, said:

"Russia will not fire a shot or use any other violence unless Austria shows signs of an intention to annex Serbian soil. But just the moment such an intention is evident Russia will stop in, and if Russia does, the French must join under the terms of treaty between the two countries."

"There is a war party in every country, and this is only a matter of fortune and ascendancy. The war party got the ascendancy in Mexico and in Serbia, and now the aged Emperor of Austria, with his bad advisers, was induced to fall in for war because the ambitious war party got into the ascendancy."

NATIONALS MIX IT IN NEAR-RIOT

Morgan Fights with Sheridan
and Later Ainsmith Is At-
tacked by Fan.

AYERS IS HIT WITH CHAIR

Fifty Police Reserves Called Out to
Preserve Order on Detroit
Ball Field.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Detroit, July 30.—A weird decision by Jack Sheridan, oldest umpire in the American League, in calling out Ray Morgan, the Nationals' diminutive second baseman, at first base in the ninth inning of today's game precipitated a near-riot. The Tigers won in the tenth by the score of 3 to 2.

To the Washington players on their bench and to many in the stands it appeared as if Morgan, who, said, had beaten Moriarty's peg to the bag, and when the veteran umpire waved him out the second sack made a rush for him. Sheridan swung and hit the player.

Ayers Gets Blow.

Morgan retaliated and they mixed it up until Griffith and Burns, first baseman of the Detroiters, separated them. "Sheridan, according to the Washington players, had missed several close plays earlier in the game, and Ainsmith, who took part in the argument following the exchange of blows, became provoked by the umpire's remarks and struck him."

Both Morgan and Ainsmith were ruled out of the field. As they were trooping toward the clubhouse, spectators in the boxes jeered at them and Ainsmith was hit by a missile hurled by a fan. He rushed over to where the offender was sitting and swung at him. The man punched back, and the catcher started to climb over the railing.

Griffith Separates Them.

"Doc" Ayers, the Washington pitcher, started to pull his team mate away, when another spectator grabbed a chair and swung it. Instead of hitting Ainsmith, the chair cracked the pitcher on the head.

Morgan by this time had returned to the scene of the fracas, and he leaped into the box, swinging right and left.

The crowd from the upper tiers swarmed about the Washington players, and Cobb, Velt, Stange, Moriarty, and Bush came to their rescue.

Plats were flying in all directions when fifty police reserves from the Trumbull Avenue Station arrived and restored order.

It was later discovered that the man who mixed it with Ainsmith was Charles ("Bull") Hall, a fan who rarely misses a game.

No arrests were made, and the game was resumed.

AMERICANS IN DANGER ZONE.

Mrs. Simon Straus and Children
Held at Marienbad, Austria.

The danger zone of Americans located in the first case in Austria was brought to the attention of the State Department today by Simon W. Straus, president of the American Thrift Society.

Mr. Straus' wife and three children are in Marienbad, where the American government is without a consul. Mrs. Straus has been ill and her husband feared that the war excitement might have an injurious effect upon her. All the trains in Austria have been taken over by the military authorities for the transportation of troops and regular passengers are not being given passage. Having no passports, it was feared that Mrs. Straus and her children might be held in Austria throughout the war period.

The State Department is expected to send a consul at Carlsbad to go to Marienbad and assure Mrs. Straus of full protection. Emergency passports will be sent to her by the American minister at Vienna. Passports for himself, wife and children were issued yesterday left for New York where he will call for Germany on Saturday. Unless the German ports are blocked by the time he arrives there he will go at once to Marienbad and bring his family back with him.

DUTCH RESERVES ORDERED OUT

The Hague, Holland, July 30.—All army reserves, frontier guards, and coast guards of Holland were called to the colors today.

House passed Senate bill extending period of payment on reclamation projects from ten to twenty years.

Debate was resumed on administrative water-power bill, and during discussion Representative Underwood expressed belief that after next week House may consider only routine business.

Naval Affairs Committee continued investigation of methods of naval planning board.

Adjourned until noon today.

REBELS CAPTURE GUANAJUATO AS ENVOYS GATHER

Last Federal Stronghold in
North Falls After Two
Days' Fighting.

QUERETARO NEXT MOVE

Carranza Fully Aware of U.
S. Desire to Stop War, Says
State Department.

CARBAJAL ANXIOUS FOR PEACE

Says in View of Success of Negotia-
tions Beginning Today Blood-
shed Is Inhuman.

There is yet no cessation of hostilities in Mexico, according to a dispatch received by the constitutionalist agency here, reporting the capture of the city of Guanajuato by revolutionist forces under Gen. Jesus Carranza. This city was taken after two days of fighting, following which the federal troops withdrew.

Guanajuato is a city of 35,000 inhabitants, and the last city of importance held by the federalists north of Queretaro. It is asserted that the combined forces of Gen. Carranza, Gonzalez, and Obregon will gather before the latter city in the near future, unless the forthcoming conference at Saltillo results in arrangements for peace.

Carbajal for Peace.
Jose Carbajal, representative of President Carbajal, yesterday received a message from Mexico City, following which he gave out the following statement:

"Provisional President Carbajal is fully resolved to carry out negotiations on the general basis already agreed upon. His delegates should arrive at Saltillo tomorrow and begin conference immediately with Gen. Carranza."

"It is the unalterable purpose of Mr. Carbajal to turn over the government in a peaceful and dignified way. Mr. Carbajal has urged me to make every effort to obtain an immediate armistice, and, if not possible, the suspension of all hostilities without loss of time, even though this may not be formally declared, but merely established as an actual fact since, in view of the